

/ /
 Û Û
 Õ Õ Õ (75NTU) Û Û (10NTU)
 Õ Õ
 Õ Õ Al₂ (SO₄)₃ .16H₂O
 Õ Õ (600 , 500 , 400 , 300 , 200)
 (Jar Test) Õ Õ Û Û pH ,
 200 / (10)
 Õ Õ Õ Õ Õ Õ (2NTU)
 Õ Õ Õ Õ . (10NTU) (7-8)NTU
 Õ 200 / 10 (75NTU)
 .(3 NTU)
 Õ (14%) Û
 .(5NTU) Û
 (, ,) :

The Effect Burnt Alum To Removing Turbidity From Water

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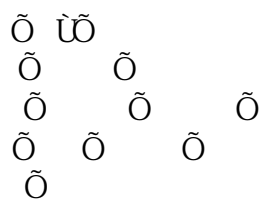
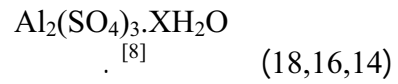
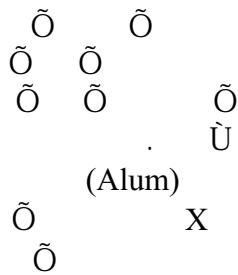
Abstract

The research focuses on the use of ordinary and burnt alum to remove the light turbidity (10 NTU) and reduces the medium ones (75NTU) by adding of different doses of ordinary alum Al₂(SO₄)₃.16H₂O and compare the results with these obtained from the burned alum at varying temperatures (200, 300, 400, 500, 600) C⁰.

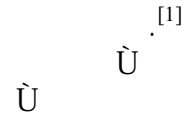
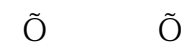
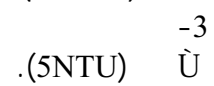
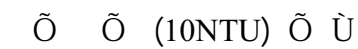
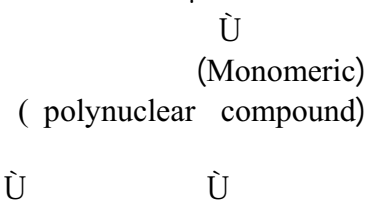
Jar test is used to find the change in the water characteristics of turbidity, pH, EC at the conditions. The study revealed that 10mg/l of burnt alum at 200C⁰ and more give, final turbidity of about (2NTU), while it gives NTU between (7-8) in the case of using ordinal alum in removing of the light turbidity of (10NTU). In the case of reduction of the medium turbidity it find that 10mg/l of burned alum at 200C⁰ reduces the final turbidity to about (3NTU).

It appears also that the alum consumption is about 14% in case of using burnt alum as compared with the ordinary alum especially in reducing of the medium turbidity to 5NTU.

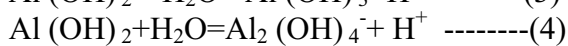
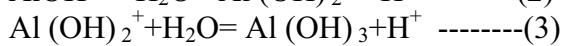
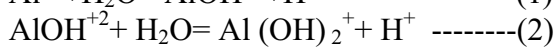
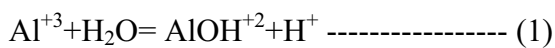
key word (burnt alum, remove the light turbidity, Jar test)



[8]



[1,6]



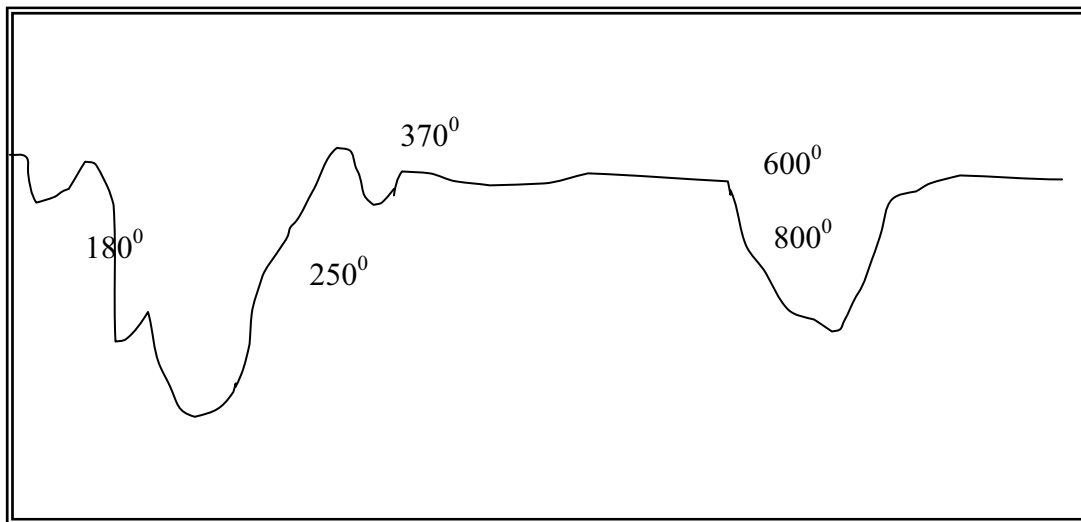
Û
(1) Û

+ (1) Û

			0
-	0.0	Al ₂ (SO ₄) ₃ .16H ₂ O	
%33.3	9.0	Al ₂ (SO ₄) ₃ .7 H ₂ O	200
%42	14.0	Al ₂ (SO ₄) ₃ .2 H ₂ O	300
%44	15.0	Al ₂ (SO ₄) ₃ . H ₂ O	400
%44	15.0	Al ₂ (SO ₄) ₃ . H ₂ O	500
%45	16.0	Al ₂ (SO ₄) ₃	600

[4]

(Ivan)



(1) Û

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Hach Turbidimeter 2100A

.NTU

WTW pH522

. 0.001 Fx-300,A & D Company

EC KARKOLP Scientific Technical

Supplies Buchschlag. Frank Furt. West Germany.

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OEAWA.SEIK CO.,LTD

Blade Flocculation

1000 / (180-0)

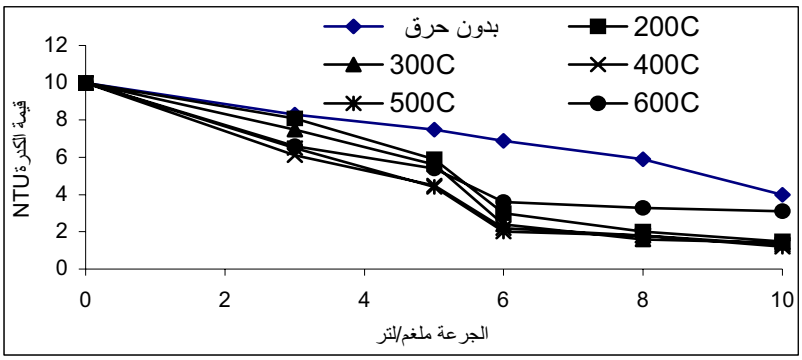
75NTU 10NTU

20 30 20

10NTU (2) 75NTU (3) 30NTU

10 (600) 200

(2) (2NTU) (10NTU)



200 / 10

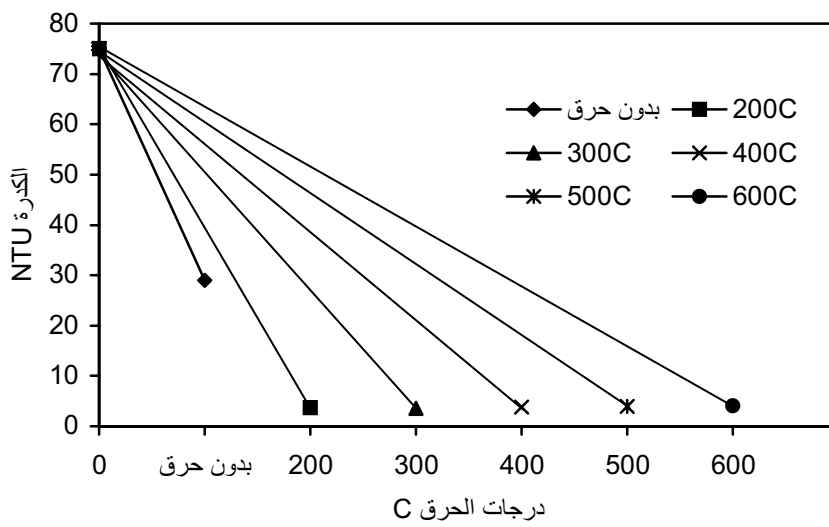
4NTU (2) 75NTU (3) 30NTU

/ 10

(2) Û

75NTU

ϕ		10
	75	29
200	75	3.7
300	75	3.6
400	75	3.8
500	75	4
600	75	4.1



/ 10

(3) Û

75NTU

Ö
(H⁺)
Ö

pH

(4) Û

pH Ö

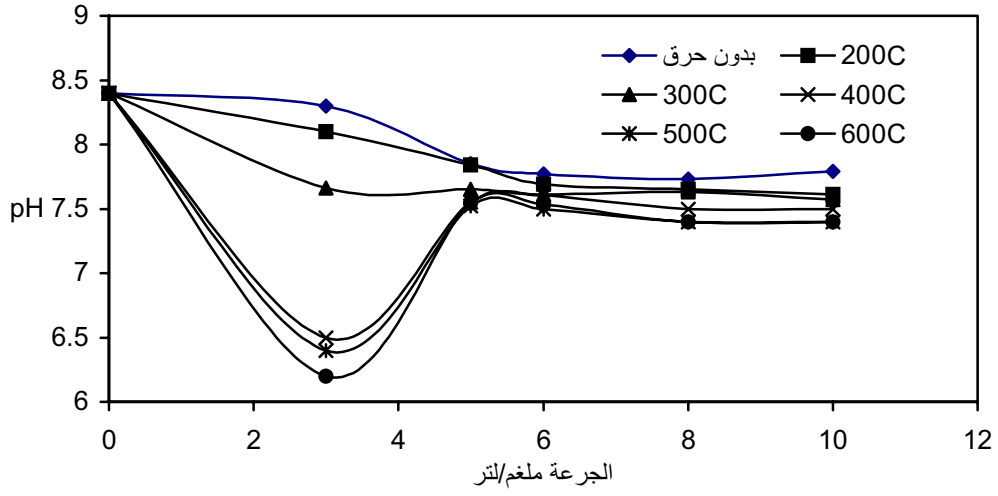
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(1,2,3,4)

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pH Û

[3](8.6- 6.5)



10NTU

pH

(4) Û

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Û

(3) Û

Û

$2 \cdot 10^*$ /

Û

(3) Û

(10 NTU)

ç	/				
	3	5	6	8	10
	2.95	2.68	2.66	2.65	2.64
200	2.98	2.89	2.87	2.7	2.65
300	2.95	2.92	2.9	2.7	2.65
400	2.95	2.9	2.81	2.72	2.65
500	2.99	2.9	2.8	2.7	2.63
600	3.95	3.5	3.69	3.8	3.98

600

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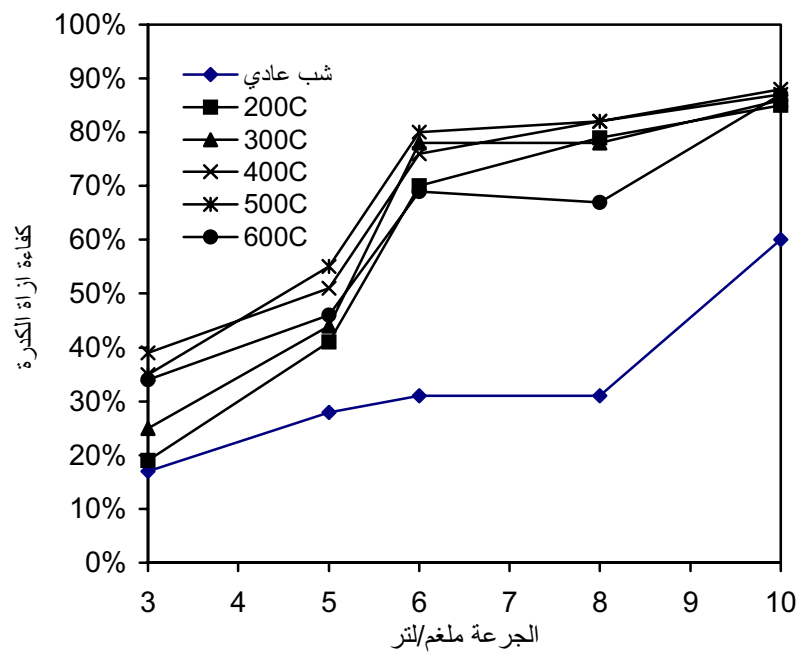
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(1) Û

(5) Û



(5) Û

Õ / (10) Û / (50) (4) Û
 Õ / 200 Õ (2) Û (4NTU) Û (75NTU)
 Õ Õ Õ (1) Û 3/1
 Õ 16.6 Õ 200 Õ 50 Õ
 Õ .%14 Õ 50 Õ 6.6 Õ 10
 Õ Õ Õ Õ (4) Û
 Õ .75NTU

Doze	10	20	30	40	50
Turbidity	34	14	6	4.5	4
pH	6.72	6.57	6.46	6.37	6.3

Ö / 6	200	.1
Ö Ö Ö Ö Ö Ö Ö Ö Ö Ö	.10NTU Û	.2
	.75NTU Û	.3
Ö Floc	pH Û	.4
		.5
Ö Û Ö Ö	Û 200ç	.1
Ö Ö		10NTU
Ö (75NTU)	200ç	.2
		.3
Ö Ö Ö . Ö Ö Ö Ö	Ö"	.1
Û Ö Û Ö - Û Û	"	.1988,
Ö Ö Ö Û Û	"	.1984
	"	.1990
		.3

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